**Annual Financial Report** 

Year Ended June 30, 2022



Year Ended June 30, 2022

### **Table of Contents**

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund	
Balances - Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Custodial Fund	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	
Notes to Financial Statements	
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	52
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension	
Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	53
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	55
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the	
Net Pension Liability - Teachers' Retirement System	56
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Teachers' Retirement System	58
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post-	
Employment Benefit Liability - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	59
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund	61

Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Table of Contents (continued)

#### **Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules**

General Fund	
Combining Balance Sheet by Account	62
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund	
Balances by Account	63
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
and Actual	
Educational Account	64
Operations and Maintenance Account	<u>72</u>
Working Cash Account	
Tort Immunity Account	
Major Fund - Debt Service Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
and Actual	75
Major Fund - Capital Projects Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
and Actual	76
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	
Special Revenue Funds	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
and Actual	
Transportation Fund	79
Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund	
Capital Projects Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget	
and Actual - Fire Prevention and Safety Fund	ደን
and Account the Free Childen and Surety Fullamining and the second	

# WIPFLI

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Education Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69 Skokie, Illinois

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of of the Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69 as of June 30, 2022, and respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that a management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 7, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wipfli LLP

Wipfli LLP Aurora, Illinois February 7, 2023

### Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the Skokie/Morton Grove Elementary School District No. 69's (the District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which begin on page 11, and the Notes to the Financial Statements, which begin on page 19, to further enhance your understanding of the District's financial condition.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2022 by \$21,096,012 (net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$5,183,716 based on operating results.
- The District decreased its total long-term debt by \$6,635,040 due to scheduled principal payments and a reduction in the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities.
- At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$28,113,546, a decrease of \$2,969,496 from the prior year primarily due to the expenditures related to capital projects.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11 and 12) provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 13. For the governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as agent for the benefit of those outside the government.

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the District's finances is, " is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. You can think of the District's net position – the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – as one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. In order to assess the overall health of the District, you will need to consider other factors, such as the timing of the county tax billing cycles, and the basis of accounting. The two statements should show that the District has made significant strides and is dedicated to continuing its efforts to achieve and maintain financial health.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT (continued)

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we report the District's Governmental activities. All of the District's services are reported here, including instructional services, support services, community services, and non-programmed charges. Property taxes, earnings on investments, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### The District as Trustee

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its students and employees. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Fund on page 17, and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on page 18. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are contained on pages 19 through 50.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplemental information relating to the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees, and other supplemental information that may be useful to the reader.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A condensed statement of net position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, is presented below.

	Governmental Activities						
Net Position		2022	2021				
Current and Other Assets	\$	43,662,125	\$	49,233,426			
Capital Assets		56,692,581		52,399,054			
Total Assets		100,354,706		101,632,480			
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,551,959		1,546,543			
Current Liabilities		569,856		4,101,213			
Long-Term Debt Outstanding		59,687,876		65,213,132			
Total Liabilities		60,257,732		69,314,345			
Deferred Inflows of Resources		20,552,921		17,952,382			
Net Position							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	11,445,298	\$	5,096,835			
Restricted		8,446,910		6,827,880			
Unrestricted		1,203,804		3,987,581			
Total Net Position	\$	21,096,012	\$	15,912,296			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Changes in Net Position	2022	2021
<u>Revenues</u>		
Program Receipts		
Charges for Services	\$ 626,843	\$ 360,725
Operating Grants	13,968,029	14,973,750
General Receipts		
Property Taxes	26,305,734	25,646,685
Other Taxes	1,510,472	692,961
Earnings on Investments	568,932	827,696
Evidence Based Funding/		
Former General State Aid	3,995,007	3,853,965
Other	740,950	194,588
Total Revenues	47,715,967	46,550,370
Expenses		
Program Disbursements		
Instruction	\$21,063,135	\$25,472,107
Support Services	15,678,901	16,664,595
Community Services	1,180,790	711,729
Nonprogrammed Charges	1,847,411	922,806
Interest and Other Charges	1,180,580	1,176,772
Depreciation - Unallocated	1,562,811	1,081,868
Total Expenses	42,513,628	46,029,877
Change in Net Position	5,202,339	520,493
Net Position- Beginning, as originally stated	15,912,296	15,260,577
Prior period adjustment	(18,623)	131,226
Net Position- Beginning, as restated	15,893,673	15,391,803
Net Position- Ending	\$21,096,012	\$15,912,296

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$5,183,716. Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased by \$2,783,777 to \$1,203,804.

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds (as presented in the Balance Sheet on page 13) reported a combined fund balance of \$28,113,546, which is less than last year's total of \$31,083,042. The primary reason for the governmental funds decrease was due to construction expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 budget was approved by the Board of Education on September 21, 2021, and the amended budget was approved by the Board of Education on June 21, 2022. The budget is a general guide for the financial activity of the District.

- The General (Education) Fund actual direct receipts were greater than the budgeted amount due primarily to higher than expected federal grant reimbursements and receipts.
- The General (Education) Fund actual direct disbursements were greater than the budgeted amount due to higher than expected expenditures related to food service and special education costs.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$56,692,581 invested in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings, and furniture and equipment, as shown below.

Capital Assets at Year End	Governmental Activities				
(Net of Depreciation)	2022	2021			
Land	\$ 707,755	\$ 707,755			
Construction in progress	38,250,772	34,179,126			
Buildings and improvements	15,605,549	16,391,466			
Furniture and Equipment	2,128,505	1,120,707			
Totals	\$ 56,692,581	\$ 52,399,054			

The District's fiscal year 2022-23 budget calls for it to spend \$1,100,958 for capital projects, principally for construction projects at Lincoln Junior High.

See Note 3 to the financial statements for additional information about changes in capital assets and depreciation.

#### Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$57,738,517 in long-term debt outstanding, as shown below.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Governmental Activities								
Outstanding Debt at Year End	2022	2021						
2010 Refunding Bonds	\$-	\$ 710,000						
2012 Working Cash and Refunding Bonds	725,000	1,430,000						
2017 Refunding Bonds	3,850,000	4,760,000						
2018 GO Limited Tax Bonds	8,885,000	8,885,000						
2020 GO Limited Tax Bonds	22,315,000	22,315,000						
2021 Taxable GO Bonds	6,805,000	7,000,000						
Leases	97,532	190,336						
Unamortized Premium	3,294,751	3,632,219						
Net pension liabilities (assets):								
IMRF	(1,949,359)	(839,575)						
TRS	1,311,391	1,410,679						
Net OPEB Liability - THIS	12,404,202	14,879,898						
Totals	\$57,738,517	\$64,373,557						

See Note 4 to the financial statements for additional information about long-term debt.

OTHER FINANCIAL MATTERS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- As a result of federal funding to support the return to in-person learning coming to an end September of 2024, the District prepares for the decrease in revenue after FY23 and will need to identify ways to reduce expenditures to offset this decrease.
- The District is completing its fifth year of an agreed upon five-year contract with its teachers' union. Negotiations begin February 2023 for a new Collective Bargaining Agreement to be in place prior to the 2023-24 school year.
- Due to delays in the Cook County assessment process, the Office of the Cook County Clerk release the Agency Tax Rate Report very late and, as such, the ability to more accurately budget tax receipts for the 2023 fiscal year generated from the 2021 tax extension has been difficult.
- In past fiscal years, tax receipts were reduced for refunds, objections, and adjustments, in effect reducing the tax collection rate. AS a result of Public Act 102-0519, Cook County now has a "recapture levy" to collect previous extension amounts lost due to the property tax appeal process.
- Beginning in levy year 2021, the District's levy shall be increased by previous refunds, objections, and adjustments for a prior 12-month period. Time will be needed to better understand the assumed positive financial impact of this Act.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with an overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Mr. Frank Adams, Business Manager, 5050 Madison Street, Skokie, IL 60077, 847-675-7666.

# **Basic Financial Statements**

### Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 27,052,580
Receivables	
Taxes receivable	12,392,963
Due from other governments	2,073,969
Other current assets	193,254
Capital assets not being depreciated	38,958,527
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	17,734,054
Other assets	
Net pension asset - IMRF	1,949,359
Total assets	100,354,706
Deferred outflow of resources	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	574,058
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	977,901
Total deferred outflow of resources	1,551,959
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	332,561
Accrued interest payable	120,882
Accrued payroll	(5,519)
Unearned revenue	121,932
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	1,962,532
Due in more than one year	57,725,344
Total liabilities	60,257,732
Deferred inflow of resources	
Property taxes levied for subsequent years	13,150,246
Deferred inflows related to pensions	2,174,340
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	5,228,335
Total deferred inflow of resources	20,552,921
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	11,445,298
Restricted for	,,
Liability insurance	963,985
Student transportation	4,186,354
Employee retirement	522,567
Debt service	2,774,004
Unrestricted	1,203,804
Total net position	<u>\$ 21,096,012</u>
See accompanying notes to financial statements	

### Statement of Activities

							Net (Expens Revenue an Changes ir	nd n
				Program			Net Positio	n
		-		Charges for	G	Operating Grants and	Government	al
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions	Activities	
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activities								
Instructional services	\$	9,326,730	ć	407 042	ć	4 002 520	ć (47471	101
Regular programs	Ş		Ş	487,043	Ş	4,092,539		
Special programs		2,118,950 1,966,911		-		228,552	(1,890,39	
Other programs State Retirement		7,650,544		-		- 7,650,544	(1,966,9	11)
Support services		7,030,344		-		7,030,344		-
Pupils		2,149,788					(2,149,73	٥٥١
Instructional staff		881,206		-		- 86,966	(2,149,73	
General administration		571,989		-		80,900	(794,24	-
School administration		1,550,639		-		-	(1,550,63	-
Business		3,589,712		- 3,906		- 1,363,886	(1,330,03	-
Operations and maintenance		3,174,711		34,008		1,505,880	(2,221,9) (3,140,7)	
Transportation		1,459,794		101,886		- 545,542	(3,140,7) (812,3)	-
Central		2,236,260		101,880		545,542	(2,236,20	
Other		64,802					(2,230,20	
Community Services		1,180,790		-		-	(04,80) (1,180,79	-
Non-programmed charges		1,847,411					(1,180,73	
Depreciation - unallocated		1,562,811					(1,562,8)	-
Interest on long-term liabilities		1,180,580		_			(1,502,8)	-
interest on long term habilities		1,100,000					(1,100,50	<u></u> )
Total governmental activities	\$	42,513,628	Ş	626,843	\$	13,968,029	(27,918,7	<u>56</u> )
General revenues								
Property taxes levied for								
General purposes							16,919,22	23
Operations and maintenance							2,363,9	
Transportation							2,863,3	
Retirement							604,1	
Debt service.							3,555,08	
Personal property replacement taxes							1,510,4	
Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purp	oses						3,995,00	
Earnings on investments	050	•					568,93	
Other general							740,9	
								<u></u>
Total general revenues							33,121,09	<u>95</u>
Change in net position							5,202,33	<u>39</u>
Net position, beginning of year, as originally stated							15,912,29	96
Prior period adjustments							(18,6)	<u>23</u> )
Net position, beginning of year, as restated							15,893,6	<u>73</u>
Net position, ending							<u>\$ 21,096,0</u> 2	12
See accompanying notes to financial statements.								

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022	General Fund	D	ebt Service Fund		Capital Projects		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 17,328,662	\$	2,855,275	\$	1,115,362	\$	5,753,281	\$	27,052,580
Property taxes Due from other governments	9,450,417 1,934,937		1,330,136		-		1,612,410 139,032		12,392,963 2,073,969
Other current assets	193,254								193,254
Total assets	<u>\$ 28,907,270</u>	<u>\$</u>	4,185,411	<u>\$</u>	1,115,362	<u>\$</u>	7,504,723	<u>\$</u>	41,712,766
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 7,930		-	\$	312,755	\$	11,876	\$	332,561
Payroll deductions payable Unearned revenue	(5,519 80,347	-	-		-		- 41,585		(5,519) 121,932
onearried revenue	80,547	· <u> </u>		_	-		41,565		121,952
Total liabilities	82,758				312,755		53,461		448,974
Deferred inflows									
Property taxes levied for									
subsequent year	10,027,902		1,411,407	_	-		1,710,937		13,150,246
Total deferred inflows	10,027,902	·	1,411,407				1,710,937		13,150,246
Fund balances									
Restricted	062.085								062.005
Liability insurance Student transportation	963,985		-		-		- 4,186,354		963,985 4,186,354
Employee retirement	-		-		-		522,567		522,567
Debt service	-		2,774,004		-		-		2,774,004
Capital projects	-		-		802,607		1,031,404		1,834,011
Unrestricted Unassigned	17 022 625								17 022 625
onassigneu	17,832,625			-					17,832,625
Total fund balances	18,796,610		2,774,004		802,607		5,740,325		28,113,546
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,									
and fund balances	<u>\$ 28,907,270</u>	<u>\$</u>	4,185,411	<u>\$</u>	1,115,362	<u>\$</u>	7,504,723	<u>\$</u>	41,712,766

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$	28,113,546
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$81,322,859 and the accumulated depreciation is \$24,630,278.			56,692,581
Net pension assets are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			1,949,359
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Long-term liabilities consist of:			
Bonds payable and unamortized premiums Leases	\$ (45,874,751) (97,532)		
Net other postemployment benefits obligation	(12,404,202)		
Net pension liability Interest payable	 (1,311,391) <u>(120,882</u> )		(59,808,758)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are not reported in the governmental funds			
Deferred outflows - pensions	574,058		
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB	(2,174,340) 977,901		
Deferred inflows - OPEB	 (5,228,335)		<u>(5,850,716</u> )
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$</u>	21,096,012

### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance -Governmental Funds

Very Ended lune 20, 2022	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Year Ended June 30, 2022 Revenues	General Fund	Fund	Capital Projects	Funas	Total
Local sources	\$ 22,385,095	\$ 3,604,591	\$ 44,647	\$ 3,718,598 \$	29,752,931
State sources	13,288,190		, ++,0+7 -	545,542	13,833,732
Federal sources	4,752,411	-	-	-	4,752,411
	.,, 01, 11				.,,,
Total revenues	40,425,696	3,604,591	44,647	4,264,140	48,339,074
Expenditures					
Current operating					
Instruction	24,026,764	-	-	358,969	24,385,733
Support services	12,315,806	-	5,494,729	1,942,330	19,752,865
Community services	1,095,472	-	-	85,318	1,180,790
Non-programmed charges	1,847,411	-	-	-	1,847,411
Debt service					
Principal	-	2,612,804		-	2,612,804
Interest and other		1,528,967		<u> </u>	1,528,967
Total expenditures	39,285,453	4,141,771	5,494,729	2,386,617	51,308,570
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,140,243	(537,180)	) (5,450,082)	1,877,523	(2,969,496)
over (under) expenditures	1,140,240	(337,100,	( <u>(3,430,002</u> )		(2,303,430)
Other financing uses					
Transfers in	-	400,773	-	-	400,773
Transfers out	(400,773)	,	-	-	(400,773)
	,				<u> </u>
Total other financing					
uses	(400,773)	400,773			
Net change in fund balances	739,470	(136,407)	) (5,450,082)	1,877,523	(2,969,496)
	,	(),,	, (3,, 30, 302)	_,, <b></b>	(_,_ ;; ;; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;
Fund balances, beginning of year	18,057,140	2,910,411	6,252,689	3,862,802	31,083,042
Fund balances, end of year	<u>\$ 18,796,610</u>	<u>\$    2,774,004</u>	<u>\$ 802,607</u>	<u>\$    5,740,325</u> <u>\$   </u>	28,113,546

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	(2,969,496)	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,500 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capital outlay\$ 5,874,961Depreciation expense(1,562,811)		4,312,150	
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of the following: Change in accrued interest on debt10,919Change in accrued interest on debt10,919Change in net pension liabilities/assets1,209,072Change in other postemployment benefits obligation2,475,696Change in deferred inflows/outflows related to OPEB(321,832)			
<th column="" control="" of="" state="" state<="" td="" the=""><td></td><td>909,413 2,950,272</td></th>	<td></td> <td>909,413 2,950,272</td>		909,413 2,950,272
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	5,202,339	

### Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Custodial Fund

Assets		
Cash in bank	<u>\$</u>	26,347
<b>Net Position</b> Restricted for Little 9 Conference	<u>\$</u>	26,347
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2022	Custodial Fund
Additions Contributions	<u>\$ 28,000</u>
Total additions	28,000
<b>Deductions</b> Disbursements	34,368
Total deductions	34,368
Net increase in fiduciary net position	(6,368)
Net position, beginning of year	32,715
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 26,347</u>

#### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Skokie/Morton Grove School District 69 (the "District") is governed by the District's Board of Education (the "Board"), which has responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. The District includes all funds of its governmental operations that are controlled by or dependent upon the District as determined on a basis of financial accountability.

#### **Reporting Entity**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the financial statements of the reporting entity include: (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided in Government Accounting Standards Board Statements have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the District. Using the same criteria, the District is not included as a component unit of any other governmental entity.

A legally separate, tax exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and are reported with similar funds of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the primary government. This report does not contain any component units.

#### **Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The following summarizes the fund types used by the District:

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It is comprised of four subfunds: the Educational Account, the Operations and Maintenance Account, the Tort Immunity Account, and the Working Cash Account. These subfunds account for activities that are not specifically accounted for in another fund.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Educational Account** – These accounts are used for most of the instructional and administrative aspects of the District's operations, as well as providing school lunch services to students. The revenue consists primarily of local property taxes, state government aid and student registration fees and lunch receipts from the District food service program.

**Operations and Maintenance Account** – This account is used for expenditures made for the operation, repair and maintenance of District property. Revenue in this fund consists primarily of local property taxes.

**Tort Immunity Account -** This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to tort immunity. Revenue is primarily derived from local property taxes.

**Working Cash Account** – This fund accounts for financial resources held by the District to be used as loans for working capital requirements to any other fund for which taxes are levied. The Working Cash Account was established and has been used to respond to fluctuations in cash flow resulting from unpredictable property tax collections. The earnings of the fund are allowed to be transferred to another fund under the <u>Illinois</u> <u>Compiled Statutes</u>. The principal of the fund, accumulated from bond issues, can be used as a source from which the District borrows money to support temporary deficiencies in other funds, or may be partially or fully transferred to the General Fund's Educational Account, upon Board approval.

**Debt Service Funds** - Debt service funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years should also be reported in debt service funds.

**Debt Service Fund** - The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. Since there are no legal requirements on bond indentures, which mandate that a separate fund be established for each bond issue, the District maintains one debt service fund for all bond issues.

**Capital Projects Funds** - Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

**Transportation Fund** – This fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures relating to student transportation to and from school. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes and state reimbursement grants.

**Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund** – This special revenue fund accounts for the District's portion of the pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund for noncertified employees and social security contributions for applicable certified and noncertified employees. Revenue to finance the contributions is derived primarily from local property taxes.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Fire Prevention and Safety Fund** – The Fire Prevention and Safety Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for acquisitions and construction projects, which qualify as Fire Prevention and Safety expenditures.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds.

**Custodial Fund** - The custodial fund (Little 9 Conference) accounts for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity for the organization.. These assets are for the benefit of the organization and are not included in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The District's operating activities are all considered "governmental activities", that is, activities normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The District has no operating activities that would be considered "business-type activities".

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues instead.

Separate financial statements are provided for all governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's general governmental activities. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual, i.e., when they are both "measurable and available." "Measurable" means that the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Revenues collected after 60 days are recorded as unavailable revenue. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, unmatured principal and interest on general long-term debt is recognized when due; and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes, certain state and federal aid, and interest on investments are susceptible to accrual. Other receipts become measurable and available when cash is received by the District and are recognized as revenue at that time. Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant and accordingly, when such funds are received they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

On-behalf payments (payments made by a third party for the benefit of the District, such as payments made by the state to the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS)) have been recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

Deferred inflows of resources and unearned revenue arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as deferred inflows of resources. Property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2022, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2023 operations, have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. Amounts related to pension and other post employment benefits are also recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The separate statement also reports deferred amounts related to pensions and other post-employment benefits.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Deposits and Investments**

Under Illinois law, the District is restricted to investing funds in specific types of investment instruments. The following generally represents the types of instruments allowable by state law:

- Securities issued or guaranteed by the United States.
- Interest and non-interest bearing accounts of financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
- Short-term obligations (less than 180 days) of U.S. corporations with assets over \$500,000,000 rated in the three highest classifications by at least two rating agencies.
- Insured accounts of an Illinois credit union chartered under United States or Illinois law.
- Money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreements to repurchase these same types of obligations.
- Illinois Funds. (A state sponsored investment pool.)
- Repurchase agreements that meet instrument transaction requirements of Illinois law.

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates market value. Gains or losses, if any, on the sale of investments are recognized upon realization. The District has adopted a formal written investment and cash management policy. The institutions in which investments are made must be approved by the Board of Education.

#### **Property Tax Revenues**

The District must file its tax levy resolution by the last Tuesday in December of each year. The District's 2021 levy resolution was approved during the December 14, 2021 Board of Education meeting. The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District, and it becomes a lien on the property on January 1 of that year. The owner of real property on January 1 in any year is liable for taxes of that year. The District's annual property tax levy is subject to two statutory limitations: Individual fund rate ceilings and the Property Tax Extension Limitation Act (PTELA).

The PTELA limitation is applied in the aggregate to the total levy (excluding certain levies for the repayment of debt or other voter referenda provisions). PTELA limits the increase in total taxes billed to the lesser of 5% or the new percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the preceding year. The amount can be exceeded to the extent there is "new growth" in the District's tax base. The new growth consists of new construction, annexations and tax increment finance district property becoming eligible for taxation.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Property Tax Revenues (Continued)

Property taxes are collected by the County Collector/Treasurer, who remits to the District its share of collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two equal installments the following year: the first due on June 1 and the second due on September 1 for property located in DuPage County and March 1 and August 1 for Cook County. Property taxes are normally collected by the District within 60 days of the respective installment dates. Due to the allocation method used, individual fund rates for Cook County may exceed the statutory limits; however, the combined extension is limited to the statutory rate limits extended on the combined equalized assessed valuation.

The 2021 property tax levy is recognized as a receivable in fiscal year 2022. The District considers that the first installment of the 2021 levy is to be used to finance operations in fiscal year 2022. The District has determined that the second installment of the 2021 levy is to be used to finance operations in fiscal year 2023 and has deferred the corresponding receivable and collections.

#### **Personal Property Replacement Taxes**

Personal property replacement taxes are first allocated to the Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, and the balance is then allocated to the remaining funds at the discretion of the District.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, buildings improvements, vehicles, equipment, and construction in progress are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated life of one year or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of an asset are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Depreciation of capital assets is provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years	
Buildings and buildings improvements	50 years	
Land improvements Furniture and equipment	20 years 10 years	

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, or are payable with expendable available resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at June 30, 2022 are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Employees who work a twelve-month year are entitled to be compensated for vacation time. Vacations are usually taken within the fiscal year. Any unused vacation time as of the fiscal year end is forfeited; however an exception is made with approval of either the Board of Education or the Superintendent. Employees allowed to carryover vacation days must use the days by calendar year end, or else forfeit the remaining carryover days. As such, no liability exists for unused vacation time.

All certified employees receive a specified number of sick days per year depending on their years of service, in accordance with the agreement between the Board of Education and Education Association. Upon retirement, a certified employee may apply up to 340 days of unused sick leave toward service credit for TRS. Any remaining unused sick days are forfeited.

Due to the nature of the policies on sick leave, and the fact that any liability is contingent upon future events and cannot be reasonably estimated, no liability is provided in the financial statements for accumulated unpaid sick leave.

#### **Long-Term Obligations**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide reporting, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components; net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

*Net investment in capital assets* - consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets and adjusted for any deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources attributable to capital assets and related debts.

*Restricted* - consists of restricted assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets and deferred outflows of resources, with restriction constraints placed on their use either by external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted* - is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net resources prior to the use of unrestricted net resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available.

The District has adopted a policy to net the interfund receivables and payables for combined totals used to determine the major funds. Consequently, the interfund loan balances, which net to zero, are not utilized to determine major funds.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension and OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), together "the Plans," and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Fund Balance Reporting**

According to governmental accounting standards, fund balances are to be classified into five major classifications; nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance.

*Non-spendable:* The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example inventories and prepaid amounts.

*Restricted:* The restricted fund balance classification refers to amounts that are subject to outside restrictions, not controlled by the entity, including restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Fund balances of special revenue funds are by definition restricted for those specified purposes. The District has several revenue sources received within different funds that also fall into these categories:

#### Special Education

Revenues received and the related expenditures of this restricted tax levy are accounted for in the Educational Account. Expenditures exceeded revenue for this purpose, resulting in no restricted fund balance.

#### State and federal grants

Proceeds from state and federal grants and the related expenditures have been included in the General Fund and various special revenue funds. At June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded revenue from state and federal grants, resulting in no restricted balances.

#### Capital projects funds

Expenditures and the related revenues received are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund and Fire Prevention and Safety Fund. All equity within these funds is restricted for the associated capital expenditures within these funds.

*Committed:* The committed fund balance classification refers to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (the school board). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of formal action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### Fund Balance Reporting (Continued)

Assigned: The assigned fund balance classification refers to the amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by (a) the governing body itself or (b) a body (a budget or finance committee, for example) or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

*Unassigned:* The unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for amounts in the general operating funds for amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general operating funds.

Unless specifically identified, expenditures disbursed act to reduce restricted fund balances first, then committed fund balances, next assigned fund balances, and finally act to reduce unassigned fund balances. Expenditures disbursed for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

#### Leases

Lessee: The District is a lessee for a lease of equipment. the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before teh lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### **Note 2: Deposit and Investments**

As of June 30, 2022, the reported amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

	Carrying Value Bank Balance
Deposits with Financial Institutions Deposits with Township Treasurer	\$  136,762 \$  145,186 <u>26,915,818</u> <u>26,915,818</u>
Total	<u>\$ 27,052,580</u> <u>\$ 27,061,004</u>

*Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits.* With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured by collateral in the event of default or failure of the financial institution holding the funds. As of June 30, 2022, the bank balance of the District's deposits with financial institutions totaled \$136,762, which was covered by insurance.

#### a. Cash and Investments Under the Custody of the Township Treasurer

Under the Illinois Compiled Statutes, the Niles Township School Treasurer is the lawful custodian of all school funds. The Treasurer is appointed by the Township School Trustees, an independently elected body, to serve the school districts in the township. The Treasurer is the direct recipient of property taxes, replacement taxes and most state and federal aid and disburses school funds upon lawful order of the school board. The Treasurer invests excess funds at his discretion, subject to the legal restrictions discussed below. For these purposes, the Treasurer is permitted to combine monies from more than one fund of a single district and to combine monies of more than one district in the township. Monies combined under these circumstances, as well as investment earnings, are accounted for separately for each fund and/or district.

#### Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Cash and investments, other than the student activity and convenience accounts, petty cash, and imprest funds, are part of a common pool for all school districts and cooperatives within the township. The Treasurer maintains records that segregate the cash and investment balance by district or cooperative. Income from investments is distributed monthly based upon the District's percentage participation in the pool. All cash for all funds, including cash applicable to the Debt Service Fund and the Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund, is not deemed available for purposes other than those for which these balances are intended.

The Treasurer's investment policies are established by the Niles Township School Trustees as prescribed by the Illinois School Code and the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Treasurer is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, certificates of deposit issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations, and commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services (subject to certain limitations).

The Treasurer's Office operates as a non-rated, external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the Treasurer's pool is determined by the District's proportionate share of the fair value of the investments held by the Treasurer's office.

The Treasurer also holds money market type investments, certificates of deposits and other deposits with financial institutions. As of June 30, 2022, the the carrying amount of the District's cash and investments was \$26,915,818 and all of the District's deposits were either covered by Federal Depository Insurance or fully collateralized

#### **Note 3: Capital Assets**

Governmental activities capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance 6/30/2021	Increases	Decreases	Transfers/ Balance Adjustments 6/30/2022
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$     707,755  \$ 34,179,126		\$	\$
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	34,886,881	4,071,646		- 38,958,527
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Right-to-use assets - equipment	37,519,562 3,093,600 -	2,318 1,358,487 442,510	-	- 37,521,880 (52,145) 4,399,942 - 442,510
Total capital assets, being depreciated	40,613,162	1,803,315		
Accumulated depreciation: Buildings and improvements Equipment Right-to-use assets -	21,128,096 1,972,893	788,235 429,598	-	- 21,916,331 (33,522) 2,368,969
equipment Total accumulated depreciation		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		240,504		(18,623)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 52,399,054</u>	4,312,150	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ (18,623</u> ) <u>\$ 56,692,581</u>

Depreciation was not charged to any specific function.

#### Note 4: Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consisted of the following at June 30, 2022:

	Balance 6/30/2021	Additions	Reductions/ Payments	Balance 6/30/2022	Amounts due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds					
Payable					
2010 Refunding Bonds	\$ 710,00	0\$-	\$ 710,000	\$-	\$-
2012 Working Cash Fund and					
Refunding Bonds	1,430,00	0 -	705,000	725,000	725,000
2017-A Refunding Bonds	4,760,00	0 -	910,000	3,850,000	985,000
2018 GO Limited Tax Bonds	8,885,00	- 0	-	8,885,000	-
2020 GO Limited Tax Bonds	22,315,00	- 0	-	22,315,000	-
2021 Taxable GO Bonds	7,000,00	0	195,000	6,805,000	155,000
Total General Obligation Bonds	45,100,00	0 -	2,520,000	42,580,000	1,865,000
Unamortized premium	3,632,21	9 -	337,468	3,294,751	-
Leases	190,33	6 -	92,804	97,532	97,532
Net Pension Liability -TRS	1,410,67	9 -	99,288	1,311,391	-
Net Pension Liability -IMRF	(839,57	5) -	1,109,784	(1,949,359)	-
Net Other Post Employment					
Benefit Liability - THIS	14,879,89	8	2,475,696	12,404,202	
Tatal laws town data	¢ 64 272 FF	7 ć	¢ 6.625.040	¢ E7 720 E17	¢ 1.062.522
Total long-term debt	<u>\$ 64,373,55</u>	<u>, &gt; -</u>	<u>\$    6,635,040</u>	<u>\$    57,738,517</u>	<u>\$    1,962,532</u>

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

2012 Working Cash Fund and Refunding Bonds dated March 12, 2012 were issued by the District in the amount of \$9,315,000. Principal payments are due each December 1, through 2022. Interest payments at a rate of 3.00% are due June 1 and December 1.

2017-A Refunding Bonds dated January 24, 2017 were issued by the District in the amount of 8,315,000. Principal payments are due each December 1, through 2024. Interest payments at a rate of 4.00% are due June 1 and December 1.

2018 GO Limited Tax Bonds dated January 24, 2018 were issued by the District in the amount of 8,885,000. Principal payments are due each December 1, through 2032. Interest payments at rates from 4.00% to 5.00% are due June 1 and December 1.

2020 GO Limited Tax Bonds dated March 10, 2020 were issued by the District in the amount of \$22,315,000. Principal payments are due each December 1, through 2023. Interest payments at rates from 3.00% to 4.00% are due June 1 and December 1.

#### Note 4: Long-Term Debt (Continued)

2021 Taxable GO School Bonds dated March 1, 2021 were issued by the District in the amount of \$7,000,000. Principal payments are due each December 1, through 2032. Interest payments at a rate of 1.22% are due June 1 and December 1.

The annual cash flow requirements of all bonds payable to maturity were as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2023	\$ 1,865,000	\$ 1,419,051	\$ 3,284,051	
2024	2,465,000	1,346,987	3,811,987	
2025	2,230,000	1,270,671	3,500,671	
2026	2,345,000	1,196,963	3,541,963	
2027	2,465,000	1,118,833	3,583,833	
2028 - 2032	14,385,000	4,137,230	18,522,230	
2033 - 2037	12,855,000	1,606,170	14,461,170	
2038 - 2039	3,970,000	107,250	4,077,250	
Total	<u>\$ 42,580,000</u>	<u>\$ 12,203,155</u>	<u>\$    54,783,155</u>	

Payments to retire bonds payable will be made from debt service levies in future periods. There is \$2,774,004 of fund equity available in the Debt Service Fund to service outstanding bonds payable.

The District is subject to the *Illinois Compiled Statutes* which limits the amount of bond indebtedness, to 6.9% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation of the District. As of June 30, 2022 the statutory debt limit for the District was \$31,374,939. The District exceeded its debt margin by \$(8,528,409) after taking into account amounts available in the Debt Service Fund.

#### Leases

The District has entered into lease agreements as lessee for the use of equipment. At June 30, 2022, \$442,510 of amounts included in assets were acquired via leases with accumulated depreciation of \$344,978. The obligations for the leases will be repaid from the Debt Service Fund. The following is a recap of leases as of June 30, 2022:

Leased Asset	Implementation/ Commencement	Termination	Interest Rate	Initial Liability	6/30/2022 Liability	Due Within One Year
Technology equipment	7/1/2021	6/30/2023	5.00%	<u>\$ 442,510</u>	\$ 97,532	<u>\$ 97,532</u>

As of June 30, 2022, the future annual debt service requirements on the outstanding leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		oal Interest		Total	
2023	\$	97,532	\$	2,661	\$	100,193

#### **Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems**

The retirement plans of the District include the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). Most funding for TRS is provided through payroll withholdings of certified employees and contributions made by the State of Illinois on-behalf of the District. IMRF is funded through property taxes and a perpetual lien of the District's corporate personal property replacement tax. Each retirement system is discussed below.

#### a. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS)

#### Plan Description

The District participates in the TRS. TRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago.

TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.trsil.org/financial/acfrs/fy2021">https://www.trsil.org/financial/acfrs/fy2021</a>; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

#### **Benefits** Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest consecutive years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier III hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2024. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs will begin in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

#### Contributions

The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2022, was 9.0% of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

**On-behalf contributions to TRS.** The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on-behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2022, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the State's proportionate share of the pension expense associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenses of \$7,883,295 in the governmental activities based on the economic resources measurement focus and revenues and expenditures of \$8,127,927 in the General Fund based on the current financial resources measurement focus.

**2.2 formula contributions.** The District contributes 0.58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. This rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$93,911, and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Federal and special trust fund contributions. When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the District, there is a statutory requirement for the District to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the employer pension contribution was 10.31% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2022, \$327,719 of salaries were paid from the federal and special trust funds and contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$33,788. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2021 measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

**Employer retirement cost contributions.** Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The District is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District made no payments to TRS for employee contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent and made no payment for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal allotment.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District follows below:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$    1,311,391
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	<u>    109,908,496</u>
Total	<u>\$ 111,219,887</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2021, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2021, the employer's proportion was 0.001681%, which was an increase of 0.000045% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$88,948. At June 30, 2022, the District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	7,523	\$ 5,407
Changes in assumptions		581	6,480
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		-	87,964
proportionate share of contributions		35,856	 415,543
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		43,960	515,394
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		127,699	 <u>-</u>
Total	\$	171,659	\$ 515,394

\$127,699 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in these reporting years:

	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of
Year Ending June 30	Resources
2023	\$ (258,473)
2024	(143,679)
2025	(38,542)
2026	(33,600)
2027	2,860
Total	<u>\$ (471,434</u> )

#### Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	varies by amount of service credit
Investment rate of return	7.00% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

In the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Table with appropriate adjustments for the TRS experience. The rates are based on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2020. In the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were also based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates were used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2017.

The long-term (20-year) expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. equities large cap	16.7 %	6.2 %
U.S. equities small/mid cap	2.2 %	7.4 %
International equities developed	10.6 %	6.9 %
Emerging market equities	4.5 %	9.2 %
U.S. bonds core	3.0 %	1.6 %
Cash equivalents	2.0 %	0.1 %
TIPS	1.0 %	0.8 %
International debt developed	1.0 %	0.4 %
Emerging international debt	4.0 %	4.4 %
Real estate	16.0 %	5.8 %
Private Debt	10.0 %	6.5 %
Hedge funds (absolute return)	10.0 %	3.9 %
Private Equity	15.0 %	10.4 %
Infrastructure	<u>4.0</u> %	6.3 %
Total	<u> </u>	

#### Discount Rate

At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%, which was the same as the June 30, 2020 rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and State contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2021 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,624,131	\$ 1,311,391	\$ 1,051,619

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2021 is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### b. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

#### Plan Description and Benefits

**Plan description** – The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of an agent multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

**Benefits provided** - IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

**Employees Covered by the Benefit Terms** - At the December 31, 2021 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	74
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	245
Active employees	115
Total	434

**Contributions** - As set by statute, the employer's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2021 was 6.45%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the employer contributed \$291,237 to the plan. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

**Net Pension Liability** - The employer's Net Pension Liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of that date.

**Actuarial assumptions** – The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2021:

Actuarial cost method Asset valuation method Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return	Entry Age Normal Market Value of Assets 2.25% 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation 7.25%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.
Mortality	For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
Other information: Notes	There were no benefit changes during the year.

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2021:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Equities	39.0 %	1.90 %
International equities	15.0 %	3.15 %
Fixed income	25.0 %	(0.60)%
Real estate	10.0 %	3.30 %
Alternatives	10.0 %	1.70-5.50 %
Cash	<u> </u>	(0.90)%
Total	<u>    100.0</u> %	

#### Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 1. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 1.84%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

**Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate -** The following presents the plan's net pension liability (asset), calculated using the single discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the plan's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

			Current	
	1%	6 Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(576,057) \$	\$ (1,949,359) \$	(2,988,381)

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

#### **Changes in Net Pension Liability**

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability
Balances at December 31, 2020	(A) <u>\$ 11,673,986</u>	(B) \$ 12,513,561	(A) - (B) <u>\$ (839,575</u> )
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	340,707	-	340,707
Interest on the total pension liability	833,843	-	833,843
Differences between expected and actual experience of the			
total pension liability	292,785	-	292,785
Contributions - employer	-	282,801	(282,801)
Contributions - employees	-	199,355	(199 <i>,</i> 355)
Net investment income	-	2,093,110	(2,093,110)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee			
contributions	(686,124)	(686,124)	-
Other (net transfer)		1,853	(1,853)
Net changes	781,211	1,890,995	(1,109,784)
Balances at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 12,455,197</u>	<u>\$ 14,404,556</u>	<u>\$ (1,949,359</u> )

**Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions** - For year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension income of \$292,873. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources which are not reported due to the financial reporting provisions of the Illinois State Board of Education.

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	\$	256,918 -	\$- 37,326
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			1,621,620
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense in future periods		256,918	1,658,946
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		145,481	
Total	\$	402,399	<u>\$    1,658,946</u>

#### Note 5: Employee Retirement Systems (Continued)

\$145,481 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended Friday, June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred Outflows
Veen Fredine June 20	(Inflows) of
Year Ending June 30	Resources
2023	\$ (201,744)
2024	(562,991)
2025	(398,654)
2026	<u>(238,639</u> )
Total	<u>\$ (1,402,028</u> )

Aggregate Pension Amounts - At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following from all pension plans:

		TRS	IMRF	Total
	A			(627.060)
Net pension liability/(asset)	Ş	1,311,391 \$	(1,949,359) \$	(637,968)
Deferred outflows of resources		171,659	402,399	574,058
Deferred inflows of resources		515,394	1,658,946	2,174,340
Pension expense/(income)		88,948	(292,873)	(203,925)

#### **Note 6: Other Postemployment Benefits**

#### a. Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS)

*Plan Description.* The District participates in the THIS. The THIS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan (OPEB) that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago. THIS members are retirees of public schools who were certified educators or administrators. Eligibility is currently limited to former full-time employees, and others who were not full-time employees that meet certain requirements, and their dependents. The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.5) (SEGIA) establishes the eligibility and benefit provisions of the plan.

The THIS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at the website of the Illinois Auditor General: https://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Report/ABC-List.asp. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services"; prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services".

#### Note 6: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who were enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in Medicare Advantage Plans.

Amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. Effective July 1, 2012, in accordance with Executive Order 12-01, the plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services (CMS) with the cooperation of TRS.

#### Contributions

The SEGIA requires that all active contributors to the TRS, who are not employees of a department, make contributions to the plan at a rate of 0.90% of salary and for every employer of a teacher to contribute an amount equal to 0.67% of each teacher's salary. Additionally, the SEGIA requires the State to match the employees' contribution on-behalf of the employer. The Department determines, by rule, the percentage required, which each year shall not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. In addition, under the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriations Act (40 ILCS 15/1.3), there is appropriated, on a continuing annual basis, from the General Revenue Fund, an account of the General Fund, to the State Comptroller for deposit in the THIS, an amount equal to the amount certified by the Board of Trustees of TRS as the estimated total amount of contributions to be paid under 5 ILCS 376/6.6(a) in that fiscal year.

The SEGIA requires that the Department's Director determine the rates and premiums of annuitants and dependent beneficiaries and establish the cost-sharing parameters, as well as funding. Member premiums are set by this statute, which provides for a subsidy of either 50% or 75%, depending upon member benefit choices. Dependents are eligible for coverage, at a rate of 100% of the cost of coverage.

**On-behalf contributions to THIS.** The state of Illinois makes employer retiree health insurance contributions on behalf of the District. In the fund financial statements, the State contributions are intended to match contributions to THIS Fund from active members which were 0.90% of pay during the year ended June 30, 2022. In the government-wide financial statements, the State of Illinois contributions also include a proportional allocation of the State's OPEB expense (based on the portion of the District's share of the expense compared to all School Districts in aggregate). For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized revenue and expenses of \$(232,751) in the governmental activities based on the economic resources measurement focus and revenues and expenditures in the amount of \$145,724 in the General Fund based on the current financial resources measurement focus for the State of Illinois contributions on behalf of the District.

**Employer contributions to THIS Fund.** The District also makes contributions to THIS Fund. The District THIS Fund contribution was 0.67% during the year ended June 30, 2022. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District paid \$108,484 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 6: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District's reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 12,404,202
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	16,818,288
Total	<u>\$ 29,222,490</u>

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2021, relative to the projected contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.056241%, which was an increase of 0.000586% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 6: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflow of
	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$-	\$ 580,253
Changes in assumptions	4,282	4,644,815
Net difference between projected and actual earnings in OPEB plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	-	42
proportionate share of contributions	865,135	3,225
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in OPEB expense in future periods	869,417	5,228,335
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	108,484	
Total	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$                                    </u>

\$108,484 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
2023	\$ (730,210)
2024	(730,127)
2025	(689,562)
2026	(588,181)
2027	(537,813)
2028	(531,594)
2029	(427,073)
2030	(124,358)
Total	<u>\$ (4,358,918</u> )

#### Actuarial Valuation Method

The actuarial valuation was based on the Entry Age Normal cost method. Under this method, the normal cost and actuarial accrued liability are directly proportional to the employee's salary. The normal cost rate equals the present value of future benefits at entry age divided by the present value of future salary at entry age. The normal cost at the member's attained age equals the normal cost rate at entry age multiplied by the salary at attained age. The actuarial accrued liability equals the present value of benefits at attained age less present value of future salaries at attained age multiplied by normal cost rate at entry age.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### Note 6: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement date, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	Depends on service and ranges from 9.50% at 1 year of service to 4.00% at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage inflation
	assumption
Investment rate of return	2.75%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation, for all plan years
Healthcare cost trend rates	Trend for fiscal year 2022 based on expected increases used to develop average costs. For fiscal years after 2023, trend starts at 8.00% for non-Medicare costs and Medicare costs, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.25%.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates were based on the RP-Disabled Annuitant table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2017.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2017.

#### Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments were discounted to their actuarial present value using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). Since the THIS is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a discount rate consistent with the 20-year general obligation bond index has been selected. The discount rates are 2.45% as of June 30, 2022, and 1.92% as of June 30, 2021. The decrease in the single discount rate from 2.45% to 1.92% caused the total OPEB liability to increase by approximately \$1,965 million from 2020 to 2021.

#### Note 6: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 1.92%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92%) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92%) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	0.92%	1.92%	2.92%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 14,901,100	\$ 12,404,202	\$ 10,425,072

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate. The key trend rates are 8.00% in 2022 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% in 2038.

	Healthcare Cost Trend			
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Rate 1% Increa		
	(a)	Assumptions	(b)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,930,189	\$ 12,404,202	\$ 15,764,968	

a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 7.00% in 2022 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.25% in 2038.

b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 9.00% in 2022 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.25% in 2038.

#### Note 7: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to employee health benefits; workers' compensation claims; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and natural disasters. To protect from such risks, the District participates in the Collective Liability Insurance Cooperative (CLIC). The District pays annual premiums to the pool for insurance coverage. The arrangements with the pool provide that it will be self-sustaining through member premiums and with reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of certain levels established by the pool. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss, including health insurance. Premiums have been recorded as expenditures in the appropriate funds. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Financial Statements

#### **Note 8: Joint Agreements**

The District participates with other Illinois school districts in certain cooperative educational organizations, known as joint agreements. These joint agreements are owned by the participants and are operated for the specific purposes stated in the joint agreement document, e.g., Special Education, Vocational/Technical Education, etc. This district has, in accordance with the generally accepted practice of other Illinois school districts, charged the cost of its investment to current expenditures in the year paid. The investment is not capitalized and it is unclear whether the District would receive any return on its investment should it choose to withdraw from the joint agreement.

#### Niles Township District for Special Education

The District is a member of the Niles Township District tor Special Education #807 (NTDSE), along with other area school districts. NTDSE provides special education programs, and services, which benefit District students, and also provides jointly administered grants and programming, which benefits the District. The District is financially responsible for annual and special assessments as established by the NTDSE governing board, and fees for programs and services based on usage. NTDSE is separately audited and its financial information is not included in these financial statements. Financial information may be obtained directly from NTDSE by contacting its administration at 8701 North Menard Avenue, Morton Grove, Illinois 60053.

#### **Note 9: State and Federal Aid Contingencies**

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

#### **Note 10: Prior Period Adjustment**

As a result of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases*, the governmental activities beginning net position was restated as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2022	Net Position
Beginning balance, as originally stated Prior period adjustment to implement GASB Statement No. 87	\$ 15,912,296 (18,623)
Beginning balance, as restated	\$ 15,893,673

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund

	General Fund							
							Va	riance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Or	riginal Budget	F	Final Budget		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues								
Local sources	\$	20,947,489	\$	20,947,489	\$	22,385,095	\$	1,437,606
State sources		13,452,288		13,452,288		13,288,190		(164,098)
Federal sources		<u>4,954,964</u>		<u>3,314,379</u>		4,752,411		1,438,032
Total revenues		39,354,741		37,714,156		40,425,696		2,711,540
Expenditures								
Current operating								
Instruction		24,700,354		24,001,186		24,026,764		25,578
Support services		11,886,882		11,899,249		12,315,806		416,557
Community services		987,341		1,012,668		1,095,472		82,804
Non-programmed charges		1,019,486		1,536,970		1,847,411		310,441
Provisions for contingencies		220,000		220,000		-		(220,000)
Debt service - interest		300,561						
Total expenditures		39,114,624		38,670,073		39,285,453		615,380
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		240,117		(955,917)		1,140,243		2,096,160
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		3,096,652		-		-		-
Transfers out		(3,218,265)		(300,561)		(400,773)		(100,212)
Total other financing (sources) uses		(121,613)		(300,561)		(400,773)		(100,212)
Net change in fund balances	<u>\$</u>	118,504	\$	(1,256,478)		739,470	<u>\$</u>	1,995,948
Fund balance at beginning of year						18,057,140		
Fund balance at end of year					<u>\$</u>	18,796,610		

#### **Budgetary Data**

Annual budgets for all Governmental Funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis, consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local governments.

The Board of Education follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Administration submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Prior to September 30 the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. On or before the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy ordinance is filed with the County Clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund without Board of Education approval; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education following the public hearing process mandated by law. The original budget was adopted on September 21, 2021 and the amended budget was adopted on June 21, 2022.
- Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund.
- The District has adopted a legal budget for all its Governmental Funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the individual fund level, therefore, actual expenditures for the governmental funds may not legally exceed the total budgeted for such funds. However, under the State Budget Act expenditures may exceed the budget if additional resources are available to finance such expenditures.
- > The budget (all appropriations) lapses at the end of each fiscal year.
- The District's actual expenditures in the General Fund Educational Account, General Fund Operations & Maintenance Account, and IMRF/Social Security Fund exceeded budgeted expenditures. Additional sources are available to finance these excess expenditures as allowed under the State Budget Act.

Fiscal Year Actu	ial Budget	Excess
General Fund - Operations & Maintenance Account2,9	92,420 \$ 35,677,120 40,005 2,718,817 29.974 890.033	221,188

The over expenditure in the General Fund - Education Account is primarily due to higher than anticipated costs for special education. The over expenditure in the General Fund - Operations & Maintenance Account is primarily due to more services being purchased as additional COVID-19 funding became available. The over expenditure in the IMRF/Social Security Fund is primarily due to the hiring of additional teachers and aides for regular and special education programs.

Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Last Eight Calendar Years

2021 2020 2019 2018 **Total Pension Liability** Service cost \$ 340,707 \$ 323,635 \$ 294,995 \$ 275,096 Interest 833,843 788,779 761,901 728,693 Differences between expected and actual experience 292,785 335,896 (46, 581)133,051 Changes of assumption (162, 644)280,447 Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions (686,124) (659,149) (648,647) (619,688) Net change in total pension liability 781,211 626,517 361,668 797,599 Total pension liability, beginning <u>11,673,986</u> <u>11,047,469</u> <u>10,685,801</u> 9,888,202 Total pension liability, ending <u>\$12,455,197</u> <u>\$11,673,986</u> <u>\$11,047,469</u> <u>\$10,685,801</u> **Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - employer** Ś 282,801 \$ 256,109 \$ 190,505 \$ 232,068 **Contributions - member** 199,355 181,829 151,999 144,440 Net investment income 2,093,110 1,597,887 1,840,477 (605, 977)Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions (659, 149)(648,647) (619, 688)(686,124) Administrative expense 1,853 146,953 43,781 (68,440) Net change in plan fiduciary net position 1,890,995 1,420,457 1,465,894 (702, 204)Plan net position, beginning 12,513,561 11,093,104 9,627,210 10,329,414 <u>\$14,404,556</u> <u>\$12,513,561</u> <u>\$11,093,104</u> <u>\$ 9,627,210</u> Plan net position, ending <u>\$ (1,949,359) </u>\$ (839,575) <u>\$</u> **Employer's net pension liability (asset)** <u>(45,635) \$ 1,058,591</u> Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 115.65 % 107.19 % 100.41 % 90.09 % \$ 4,384,499 \$ 3,700,995 \$ 3,377,758 \$ 3,209,782 Covered payroll Employer's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll (44.46)% (22.69)% (1.35)% 32.98 %

	2017	2016		2015		2014
\$	278,617 \$ 703,840	241,379 666,124	\$	210,006 620,872	\$	226,590 581,844
	289,944 (350,661)	100,876 -		225,992 -		(222,909) 353,574
	(557,524)	(490,704)		(447,702)		(373,150)
	364,216	517,675		609,168		565,949
	9,523,986	9,006,311		8,397,143		7,831,194
<u>\$</u>	<u>9,888,202</u>	9,523,986	\$	9,006,311	<u>\$</u>	8,397,143
\$	217,305 \$ 130,731	204,949 117,188	\$	202,331 104,774	\$	173,028 98,872
	1,587,412	583,239		42,707		499,508
	(557,524) (101,899)	(490,704) <u>63,905</u>		(447,702) <u>61,095</u>		(373,150) <u>(25,939</u> )
	1,276,025	478,577		(36,795)		372,319
	9,053,389	8,574,812		8,611,607		8,239,288
<u>\$</u> :	<u>10,329,414</u>	9,053,389	<u>\$</u>	8,574,812	<u>\$</u>	8,611,607
<u>\$</u>	<u>(441,212</u> ) <u>\$</u>	470,597	<u>\$</u>	431,499	<u>\$</u>	(214,464)
	104.46 %	95.06 %		95.21 %		102.55 %
\$	2,905,139 \$	2,604,176	\$	2,328,308	\$	1,974,037
	(15.19)%	18.07 %		18.53 %		(10.86)%

### Schedule of Employer Contributions

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	ctuarially termined	R A D	tributions in elation to Actuarially etermined ontribution	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Cov	vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$ 291,237	\$	291,237	\$	-	Ś	4,938,726	5.90 %
2021	256,838		256,838		-		3,855,836	6.66 %
2020	227,708		227,708		-		3,590,319	6.34 %
2019	211,286		211,286		-		3,293,770	6.41 %
2018	224,686		224,686		-		3,057,461	7.35 %
2017	211,127		211,127		-		2,754,658	7.66 %
2016	203,640		203,640		-		2,466,242	8.26 %
2015	184,272		191,086		(6,814)		2,151,173	8.88 %

#### **Notes to Schedule**

Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 of each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Wage growth Inflation Salary increases Investment rate of return Retirement age	Aggregate entry age normal Level percent of pay, closed 22-year closed period 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor 3.25% 2.50% 3.35% to 14.25%, including inflation 7.25% Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study
Mortality	of the period 2014 - 2016. For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the

Net Pension Liability

**Teachers' Retirement System** 

Last Eight Fiscal Years

		2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00168 %	0.00164 %	0.00170 %	0.00187 %
District's proportion share of the net pension liability	\$	1,311,391 \$	1,410,679 \$	1,419,211 \$	1,457,253
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		109,908,496	110,491,706	101,003,720	99,827,965
	<u>\$</u>	<u>111,219,887</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>111,902,385</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>102,422,931</u>	101,285,218
District's covered payroll	\$	14,604,292 \$	14,078,179 \$	13,566,683 \$	12,940,445
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		8.98 %	10.02 %	10.46 %	11.26 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		45.10 %	37.80 %	39.60 %	40.00 %

#### **Notes to Schedule**

#### Changes of assumptions

For the 2021 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.25 percent and a real return of 4.75 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. These actuarial assumptions were based on an experience study dated Sept. 30, 2021.

For the 2020-2016 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.5 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. The assumptions used for the 2020-2018 and 2017-2016 measurement years were based on an experience study dated September 18, 2018 and August 13, 2015, respectively.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date as of the previous fiscal year end.

 2018*	2017*	2016*	2015*
0.00351 %	0.00323 %	0.00308 %	0.00289 %
\$ 2,679,827 \$	2,550,794 \$	2,016,067 \$	1,755,810
 88,671,492	90,206,764	70,742,238	65,635,237
\$ <u>91,351,319</u> \$	<u>92,757,558</u>	<u>72,758,305</u>	67,391,047
\$ 11,496,352 \$	10,912,297 \$	10,665,519 \$	10,345,553
23.31 %	23.38 %	18.90 %	16.97 %
39.30 %	36.44 %	41.47 %	42.95 %

### Schedule of Employer Contributions

### Teachers' Retirement System

Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	ctuarially termined	ntributions in Relation to Actuarially Determined ontribution	De	tribution ficiency Excess)	Со	vered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$ 127,699	\$ 127,699	\$	-	\$	16,191,587	0.79 %
2021	110,918	110,918		-		14,604,292	0.76 %
2020	109,592	109,592		-		14,078,179	0.78 %
2019	146,700	146,700		-		13,566,683	1.08 %
2018	102,186	102,186		-		12,940,445	0.79 %
2017	147,402	125,145		22,257		11,496,352	1.09 %
2016	126,123	107,835		18,288		10,912,297	0.99 %
2015	118,057	102,938		15,119		10,665,519	0.97 %

### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund Last Five Fiscal Years

2022\* 2021\* 2020\* 2019\* District's proportion of the net OPEB liability 0.056241 % 0.055655 % 0.055175 % 0.054635 % District's proportion share of the net OPEB \$ 12,404,202 \$ 14,879,898 \$ 15,270,937 \$ 14,393,958 liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District 16,818,288 20,158,209 20,678,797 19,328,128 Total <u>\$ 29,222,490</u> <u>\$ 35,038,107</u> <u>\$ 35,949,734</u> <u>\$ 33,722,086</u> \$ 14,604,292 \$ 14,078,179 \$ 13,566,683 \$ 12,940,445 District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll 84.94 % 105.69 % 112.56 % 111.23 % Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (0.07)% 1.40 % 0.70 % (0.22)%

\* The amounts presented have a measurement date as of the previous fiscal year end.

2018\*

0.054535 %

\$ 14,151,649

18,584,631

<u>\$ 32,736,280</u>

\$ 11,496,352

123.10 %

(0.17)%

# Schedule of Employer Contributions

Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund

Last Five Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	F	ntractually Required ntribution	in I Coi F	ntributions Relation to ntractually Required ntribution	De	tribution ficiency Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	108,484	\$	108,484	\$	-	\$ 16,191,587	0.67 %
2021		134,359		134,359		-	14,604,292	0.92 %
2020		129,519		129,519		-	14,078,179	0.92 %
2019		124,813		124,813		-	13,566,683	0.92 %
2018		113,876		113,876		-	12,940,445	0.88 %

### Combining Balance Sheet by Account

**General Fund** 

		Operations and		Tort	
June 30, 2022	Educational	Maintenance	Working Cash	Immunity	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 14,275,624	\$ 755,539	\$ 1,332,680	\$ 964,819	\$ 17,328,662
Taxes receivable Intergovernmental accounts	8,177,099	1,154,880	104,989	13,449	9,450,417
receivable	1,934,937	-	-	-	1,934,937
Other assets	193,254				193,254
Total assets	<u>\$ 24,580,914</u>	<u>\$    1,910,419</u>	<u>\$ 1,437,669</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 28,907,270</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ (12,380)	\$ 20,310	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,930
Payroll deductions payable	(5,519)	-	-	-	(5,519)
Unearned revenue	80,347				80,347
Total liabilities	62,448	20,310			82,758
<b>Deferred inflows</b> Property taxes levied for					
subsequent year	8,676,766	1,225,449	111,404	14,283	10,027,902
Total deferred inflows	8,676,766	1,225,449	111,404	14,283	10,027,902
Fund balances Restricted					
Liability insurance	-	-	-	963,985	963,985
Unassigned	15,841,700	664,660	1,326,265		17,832,625
Total fund balances	15,841,700	664,660	1,326,265	963,985	18,796,610
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balances	<u>\$ 24,580,914</u>	<u>\$    1,910,419</u>	<u>\$   1,437,669</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 28,907,270</u>

### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances by Account General Fund

		Operations			
		and		Tort	
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Educational	Maintenance	Working Cash	Immunity	Total
Revenues					
Local sources	\$ 19,618,714	\$ 2,451,257	\$ 265,897	\$ 49,227	\$ 22,385,095
State sources	13,288,190	-	-	-	13,288,190
Federal sources	4,752,411				4,752,411
Total revenues	37,659,315	2,451,257	265,897	49,227	40,425,696
Expenditures					
Current operating					
Instruction	24,026,764	-	-	-	24,026,764
Support services	9,222,773	2,940,005	-	153,028	12,315,806
Community services	1,095,472	-	-	-	1,095,472
Non-programmed charges	1,847,411				1,847,411
Total expenditures	36,192,420	2,940,005		153,028	39,285,453
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,466,895	(488,748)	265,897	(103,801)	1,140,243
<b>Other financing uses</b> Transfers out	(100,212)	(300,561)		<u> </u>	(400,773)
Total other financing uses	(100,212)	(300,561)			(400,773)
Net change in fund balances	1,366,683	(789,309)	265,897	(103,801)	739,470
Fund balances at beginning of year	14,475,017	1,453,969	1,060,368	1,067,786	18,057,140
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$ 15,841,700</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 1,326,265</u>	<u>\$ 963,985</u>	<u>\$ 18,796,610</u>

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance Budget and Actual

	Educational Account							
		20	)22					
Vage Ended lung 20, 2022	Original Durdaget	Final Dudant	A	Variance with				
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget				
Revenues								
Local sources	ć 15 240 404	ć 15 240 404	ć 14.00C.0C7	ć (ACD 41				
Property taxes	\$ 15,348,484			-				
Special Education Purposes Levy	1,814,854	1,814,854	1,762,646	(52,20				
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	450,000	450,000	1,494,472	1,044,47				
Tuition	106,650	106,650	148,646	41,99				
Food services	-	-	3,906	3,90				
Pupil activities and textbooks	34,300	34,300	116,629	82,32				
Earnings on investments	150,000	150,000	247,870	97,87				
Other	210,000	210,000	958,478	748,47				
Total local sources	18,114,288	18,114,288	19,618,714	1,504,42				
State sources								
Unrestricted								
Evidence Based Funding Formula	3,853,965	3,853,965	3,995,007	141,04				
Restricted								
Special education:								
Private facility tuition	80,000	80,000	19,645	(60,35				
Orphanage	3,000	3,000	-	(3,00				
State free lunch and breakfast	5,000	5,000	19,411	14,41				
Education block grant	509,223	509,223	978,852	469,62				
Other	1,100	1,100	1,624	52				
On behalf payments - State of Illinois	9,000,000	9,000,000	8,273,651	(726,34				
Total state sources	13,452,288	13,452,288	13,288,190	(164,09				
Federal sources								
Restricted								
National School Lunch Program	-	600,000	879,764	279,76				
School Breakfast Program	-	300,000	464,711	164,71				
Summer Food Service Program	600,000	-	-					
Title IV - student support & academic enrichment	52,966	52,966	54,815	1,84				
Title I - Low Income	814,525	814,525	630,107	(184,41				
Federal special education				, , , ,				
IDEA - flow through	503,353	503,353	-	(503,35				
IDEA - preschool	16,133	16,133	-	(16,13				
IDEA - room & board	, -	-	208,907	208,90				
Title III - English language acquistion	56,887	56,887	49,135	(7,75				
Title II - Teacher Quality	86,802	86,802	86,966	16				
Other restricted grants	2,824,298	883,713	2,378,006	1,494,29				
Total federal sources	4,954,964	3,314,379	4,752,411	1,438,03				
Total revenues	36,521,540	34,880,955	37,659,315	2,778,36				

	Educational Account								
		20	)22						
Very Ended Lune 20, 2022				Variance with					
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget					
Expenditures									
Instruction									
Regular programs	ć 40 F 40 4 F 4	ć 0.444.200	ć 0.570.244	¢ (420.022					
Salaries	\$ 10,542,151			-					
Employee benefits	1,014,557	977,575	1,007,982	(30,407					
Employee benefits - on behalf payments	9,000,000	9,000,000	8,273,651	726,349					
Purchased services	157,500	78,500	161,718	(83,218					
Supplies and materials	250,253	265,690	192,670	73,020					
Capital outlay	49,940	49,940	-	49,940					
Other objects	21,000	5,000	40,971	(35,971					
Total	21,035,401	19,817,994	19,255,203	562,791					
Pre-K programs									
Salaries	687,028	843,894	718,105	125,789					
Employee benefits	115,988	124,075	118,335	5,740					
Purchased services	400	-	-						
Supplies and materials	9,479	9,479	12,294	(2,815					
Total	812,895	977,448	848,734	128,714					
Special education programs									
Salaries	1,052,223	1,075,264	1,591,376	(516,112					
Employee benefits	146,473	146,473	196,698	(50,225					
Supplies and materials	21,500	21,500	7,012	14,488					
Total	1,220,196	1,243,237	1,795,086	(551,849					
Special education pre-k programs									
Supplies and materials	2,500	2,500	618	1,882					
Remedial and supplemental programs									
Salaries	68,009	69,009	69,009						
Employee benefits	16,765	11,306	9,240	2,066					
Purchased services	100,000	100,000	99,244	750					
Supplies and materials	82,861	86,445	52,774	33,671					
Total	267,635	266,760	230,267	36,493					

	Educational Account							
		202	22					
				Variance with				
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget				
Interscholastic programs								
Salaries	\$ 320,000	\$ 509,099	\$ 647,089	\$ (137,990)				
Employee benefits	15,000	27,467	34,493	(7,026)				
Purchased services	8,000	7,040	7,720	(680)				
Total	343,000	543,606	689,302	(145,696)				
Summer school								
Salaries	13,000	67,200	18,778	48,422				
Employee benefits	1,428	4,581	4,657	(76)				
Purchased services	-	19,000	18,814	186				
Supplies and materials	10,000	10,000		10,000				
Total	24,428	100,781	42,249	58,532				
Bilingual								
Salaries	809,903	886,831	897,972	(11,141)				
Employee benefits	113,109	97,494	93,390	4,104				
Purchased services	54,887	48,135	75,656	(27,521)				
Total	977,899	1,032,460	1,067,018	(34,558)				
Student activity fund expenditures								
Other objects	16,400	16,400	98,287	(81,887)				
Total instruction	24,700,354	24,001,186	24,026,764	(25,578)				
Support services								
Pupils								
Attendance and social work								
Salaries	583,532	710,130	698,983	11,147				
Employee benefits	69,333	68 <i>,</i> 499	72,605	(4,106)				
Supplies and materials	3,000	3,000	1,544	1,456				
Total	655,865	781,629	773,132	8,497				
Health services								
Salaries	213,454	188,441	188,883	(442)				
Employee benefits	16,996	13,111	13,043	68				
Supplies and materials	4,500	4,500	4,533	(33)				
Total	234,950	206,052	206,459	(407)				

	Educational Account							
		20	22					
				Variance with				
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget				
Psychological services								
Salaries	\$ 292,119	\$ 364,088	\$ 368,351	\$ (4,263)				
Employee benefits	28,998	25,340	28,882	(3,542)				
Supplies and materials	3,000	3,000	3,486	(486)				
Total	324,117	392,428	400,719	(8,291)				
Speech pathology and audiology services								
Salaries	419,368	436,252	438,591	(2,339)				
Employee benefits	58,243	46,343	48,653	(2,310)				
Supplies and materials	3,000	3,000	2,758	242				
Total	480,611	485,595	490,002	(4,407)				
Other support services								
Salaries	182,204	193,648	195,106	(1,458)				
Employee benefits	8,327	7,567	7,935	(368)				
Supplies and materials	5,000	5,000	4,026	974				
Total	195,531	206,215	207,067	(852)				
Total pupils	1,891,074	2,071,919	2,077,379	(5,460)				
Instructional staff								
Improvement of instruction services								
Salaries	380,000	293,429	233,143	60,286				
Employee benefits	61,220	74,313	69,732	4,581				
Purchased services	93,860	79,682	57,308	22,374				
Total	535,080	447,424	360,183	87,241				
Educational media services								
Salaries	400,986	404,002	409,324	(5,322)				
Employee benefits	58,924	50,376	48,207	2,169				
Supplies and materials	48,765	53,665	37,911	15,754				
Capital outlay	6,000	1,000		1,000				
Total	514,675	509,043	495,442	13,601				
Total instructional staff	1,049,755	956,467	855,625	100,842				

	Educational Account				
				Variance with	
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	
General administration					
Board of education					
Salaries	\$-	\$ -	\$ 12,000	\$ (12,000)	
Employee benefits	· _	-	27	(27)	
Purchased services	215,000	200,000	109,527	90,473	
Supplies and materials	17,000	17,000	1,435	15,565	
Other objects	35,000	35,000	28,696	6,304	
Total	267,000	252,000	151,685	100,315	
Executive administration					
Salaries	329,319	340,339	342,049	(1,710)	
Employee benefits	55,326	52,677	52,984	(307)	
Purchased services	7,000	2,000	5,957	(3,957)	
Supplies and materials	2,000	1,000	30	970	
Other objects	4,000	4,000	2,623	1,377	
Tatal	207 645	400.016	102 612	(2,627)	
Total	397,645	400,016	403,643	(3,627)	
Total general administration	664,645	652,016	555,328	96,688	
School administration					
Office of the principal					
Salaries	1,170,521	1,208,695	1,215,852	(7,157)	
Employee benefits	277,673	270,769	276,646	(5,877)	
Purchased services	15,000	15,000	-	15,000	
Supplies and materials	1,500	1,500	1,287	213	
Other objects	8,000	8,000	1,977	6,023	
Total school administration	1,472,694	1,503,964	1,495,762	8,202	
Business					
Direction of Business support services					
Salaries	124,025	125,025	125,025		
Employee benefits	32,463	32,745	35,813	- (3,068)	
Purchased services	4,500	1,500	1,284	(3,008) 216	
			-	469	
Supplies and materials	1,000	500	31		
Other objects	2,000	1,000	855	145	
Total	163,988	160,770	163,008	(2,238)	

	Educational Account				
	2022				
				Variance with	
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget	
Fiscal services					
	\$ 321,990	\$ 369,135	¢ 276.166	ć (7.021)	
Salaries Employee benefits	\$ 321,990 40,214	\$ 369,135 31,443	\$ 376,166 35,171	\$ (7,031) (3,728)	
Purchased services	210,000	79,000	236,724	(157,724)	
Supplies and materials	2,000	1,500	17,517	(157,724) (16,017)	
Other objects	2,000	2,000	750	1,250	
Other objects	2,000	2,000	/30	1,250	
Total	576,204	483,078	666,328	(183,250)	
Operation and maintenance of plant services					
Purchased services	140,000	140,000	101,400	38,600	
Supplies and materials	155,327	12,000	10,088	1,912	
Total	295,327	152,000	111,488	40,512	
Pupil transportation services					
Supplies and materials			3,000	(3,000)	
Food services					
Purchased services	510,000	752,000	1,116,960	(364,960)	
Supplies and materials	10,000	10,000	9,808	192	
Capital outlay	20,000	2,000		2,000	
Total	540,000	764,000	1,126,768	(362,768)	
Total business	1,575,519	1,559,848	2,070,592	(510,744)	
Central					
Direction of support services					
Salaries	195,127	196,127	196,127	-	
Employee benefits	46,937	45,655	46,376	(721)	
Purchased services	5,000	5,000	3,485	1,515	
Supplies and materials	1,000	1,000	-	1,000	
Other objects	1,500	41,500	1,099	40,401	
Total	249,564	289,282	247,087	42,195	

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance Budget to Actual (Continued)

	Educational Account								
	2022								
				Variance with					
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget					
Planning, research, development, and evaluation									
services									
Salaries	\$ 429,738	\$ 437,733	\$ 438,632	\$ (899)					
Employee benefits	74,500	69,579	72,387	(2,808)					
Purchased services	110,000	110,000	79,462	30,538					
Supplies and materials	35,000	35,000	17,081	17,919					
Other objects	2,000	2,000	1,198	802					
Total	651,238	654,312	608,760	45,552					
Information services									
Salaries	100,742	101,742	101,742	-					
Employee benefits	7,447	7,447	7,789	(342)					
Purchased services	61,000	26,000	18,373	7,627					
Supplies and materials	6,000	6,000	1,703	4,297					
Capital outlay	25,000	25,000	10,110	14,890					
Other objects	1,500	1,500	840	660					
Total	201,689	167,689	140,557	27,132					
Data processing services									
Salaries	409,746	517,985	519,925	(1,940)					
Employee benefits	35,306	40,429	46,360	(5,931)					
Purchased services	150,500	150,500	233,164	(82,664)					
Supplies and materials	39,000	39,000	51,990	(12,990)					
Capital outlay	265,000	265,000	261,438	3,562					
Total	899,552	1,012,914	1,112,877	(99,963)					
Total central	2,002,043	2,124,197	2,109,281	14,916					
Other support services									
Salaries	-	42,699	43,272	(573)					
Employee benefits	11,211	15,186	15,534	(348)					
Supplies and materials	3,228	<u> </u>							
Total	14,439	57,885	58,806	(921)					
Total support services	8,670,169	8,926,296	9,222,773	(296,477)					

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance Budget to Actual (Continued)

	Educational Account						
		2022	2				
				Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget			
Community services							
Salaries	\$ 619,471						
Employee benefits	64,000	63,047	81,591	(18,544)			
Purchased services	183,964	150,787	122,520	28,267			
Supplies and materials	119,906	162,406	116,781	45,625			
Total	<u>987,341</u>	1,012,668	1,095,472	(82,804)			
lotal		1,012,000	1,055,472	(02,004)			
Payments for special education programs							
Purchased services	77,337	75,665	520,661	(444,996)			
Other objects	942,149	1,461,305	1,326,750	134,555			
Total payments to other districts and governmental							
units	1,019,486	1,536,970	1,847,411	(310,441)			
Provisions for contingencies	200,000	200,000	-	200,000			
riovisions for contingencies	200,000	200,000		200,000			
Total expenditures	35,577,350	35,677,120	36,192,420	(515,300)			
				·,			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over (under) expenditures	944,190	(796,165)	1,466,895	2,263,060			
Other financing uses Transfers out	(000 001)		(100 212)	(100 212)			
Transfers out	(886,091)	<u> </u>	(100,212)	(100,212)			
Total other financing uses	(886,091)		(100,212)	(100,212)			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ (796,165</u> )	1,366,683	\$ 2,162,848			
Fund balance at beginning of year			14,475,017				
		-	, 0,017				
Fund balance at end of year		<u>\$</u>	15,841,700				

	Operations & Maintenance Account								
	2022								
				Variance with					
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget					
Revenues									
Local sources				4 (					
Property taxes	\$ 2,437,091								
Earnings on investments	50,000	50,000	49,059	(941)					
Rentals	-	-	34,008	34,008					
Other			4,240	4,240					
Total revenues	2,487,091	2,487,091	2,451,257	(35,834)					
Expenditures									
Current operating									
Facility acquisition & construction services									
Other objects		9,300	9,234	66					
Operations and maintenance of plant services Salaries	935,503	980,855	988,760	(7,905)					
Employee benefits	149,979	146,599	158,032	(11,433)					
Purchased services	747,986	801,872	1,045,721	(243,849)					
Supplies and materials	556,500	590,191	583,330	(243,849) 6,861					
Capital outlay	552,000	170,000	154,928	15,072					
Capital Outlay		170,000	134,920	13,072					
Total	2,941,968	2,689,517	2,930,771	(241,254)					
Total support services	2,941,968	2,698,817	2,940,005	(241,188)					
Debt service - interest	300,561	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					
Provisions for contingencies	20,000	20,000		20,000					
Total expenditures	3,262,529	2,718,817	2,940,005	(221,188)					
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(775,438)	(231,726)	(488,748)	(257,022)					
Other Financing Uses									
Transfers in	3,096,652	-	-	-					
Transfers out	(2,332,174)	(300,561)	(300,561)						
Total other financing uses	764,478	(300,561)	(300,561)						
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (10,960</u> )	<u>\$ (532,287</u> )	(789,309)	<u>\$ (257,022</u> )					
Fund balance at beginning of year		-	1,453,969						
Fund balance at end of year		ç	664,660						
		-							

	Working Cash Account							
				20	)22			
		Original					Var	iance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022		Budget	Fin	al Budget		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues								
Local sources								
Property taxes	\$	249,998	\$	249,998	\$	240,250	\$	(9,748)
Earnings on investments		50,000		50,000		25,647		<u>(24,353</u> )
Total revenues		299,998		299,998		265,897		(34,101)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	299,998	<u>\$</u>	299,998		265,897	<u>\$</u>	<u>(34,101</u> )
Fund balance at beginning of year						1,060,368		
Fund balance at end of year					\$	1,326,265		

	Tort Immunity Account 2022							
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Ori	ginal Budget	Fii	nal Budget		Actual		nce with Budget
Revenues								
Local sources								
Property taxes	\$	31,112	\$	31,112	\$	30,260	\$	(852)
Earnings on investments		15,000		15,000		18,967		3,967
Total revenues		46,112		46,112		49,227		3,115
Expenditures								
Current operating								
Support services								
Educational, inspectional, supervisory services								
Salaries		47,175		47,175		47,175		-
Employee benefits		6,570		5,961		7,125		(1,164)
Purchased services		221,000		221,000		98,728		122,272
Total expenditures		274,745		274,136		153,028		121,108
Net change in fund balance	\$	(228,633)	\$	(228,024)		(103,801)	\$	124,223
Fund balance at beginning of year						1,067,786		
Fund balance at end of year					<u>\$</u>	963,985		

	Debt Service Fund						
				Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget			
Revenues							
Local sources							
Property taxes	\$ 3,406,753		3,555,085				
Earnings on investments	40,000	40,000	49,506	9,506			
Total revenues	3,446,753	3,446,753	3,604,591	157,838			
Expenditures							
Debt service							
Principal retirement	3,051,750	3,051,750	2,612,804	438,946			
Interest on bonds	683,775	1,516,086	1,523,494	(7,408)			
Other			5,473	<u>(5,473</u> )			
Total expenditures	3,735,525	4,567,836	4,141,771	426,065			
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(288,772)	(1,121,083)	(537,180)	583,903			
Other financing sources							
Transfers in	-	300,561	400,773	100,212			
Total other financing sources		300,561	400,773	100,212			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (288,772</u> )	<u>\$ (820,522</u> )	(136,407)	<u>\$                                    </u>			
Fund balance at beginning of year			2,910,411				
Fund balance at end of year		<u>\$</u>	2,774,004				

	Capital Projects							
Year Ended June 30, 2022	2022 Variance with Original Budget Final Budget Actual Final Budget							
Revenues								
Local sources								
Earnings on investments	<u>\$ 100,000</u> <u>\$ 100,000</u> <u>\$ 44,647</u> <u>\$ (55,353</u> )							
Total revenues	100,000 100,000 44,647 (55,353)							
Expenditures								
Current operating								
Support services								
Facilities acquisition and construction								
Purchased services	400,000 460,000 474,105 (14,105)							
Capital outlay	10,889,000 9,446,400 5,020,624 4,425,776							
Total expenditures	<u>    11,289,000        9,906,400         5,494,729        4,411,671</u>							
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(11,189,000) (9,806,400) (5,450,082) 4,356,318							
Other financing sources								
Transfers in	2,332,174							
Total other financing sources	2,332,174							
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (8,856,826)</u> <u>\$ (9,806,400</u> ) (5,450,082) <u>\$ 4,356,318</u>							
Fund balance at beginning of year	6,252,689							
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 802,607</u>							

#### Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022	Transportation		Re	Municipal Fire Retirement/ Prevention Social Security & Safety		Total Nonmajor Government Funds	
Assets	Å	4 4 0 2 4 6 0	÷	F 20 700	¢ 1 021 101	÷	F 7F2 204
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	4,182,168	Ş	539,709	\$ 1,031,404	Ş	5,753,281
Taxes receivable		1,331,673		280,737	_		1,612,410
Intergovernmental accounts receivable		139,032		200,737	_		139,032
		135,032					155,052
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	5,652,873	\$	820,446	<u>\$ 1,031,404</u>	\$	7,504,723
Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	11,876	\$	-	\$-	\$	11,876
Unearned revenue		41,585					41,585
Deferred Inflows							
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		1,413,058		297,879			1,710,937
Fund Balances							
Restricted reported in:							
Student transportation		4,186,354		-	-		4,186,354
Employee retirement		-		522,567	-		522,567
Fire prevention and safety		-			1,031,404		1,031,404
Total fund balances		4,186,354		522,567	1,031,404		5,740,325
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and							
fund balances	<u>\$</u>	5,652,873	\$	820,446	<u>\$ 1,031,404</u>	\$	7,504,723

#### Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022	Tra	nsportation Fund	R	Municipal etirement/ cial Security	Fire Prevention & Safety Fund	No Gove	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues							
Local sources	\$	3,066,910	\$	633,403	\$ 18,285	\$ 3	3,718,598
State sources		545,542					545,542
Total revenues		3,612,452		<u>633,403</u>	18,285		<u>1,264,140</u>
Expenditures							
Current operating							
Instruction		-		358,969	-		358,969
Support services		1,456,643		485,687	-	1	L,942,330
Community services		-		85,318			85,318
Total expenditures		1,456,643		929,974		2	<u>2,386,617</u>
Net change in fund balances		2,155,809		(296,571)	18,285	1	L,877,523
Fund balances at beginning of year		2,030,545		819,138	1,013,119		<u>3,862,802</u>
Fund balances at end of year	<u>\$</u>	4,186,354	<u>\$</u>	522,567	<u>\$    1,031,404</u>	<u>\$ 5</u>	5,740,325

	Transportation Fund						
		202	2				
				Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget			
Revenues							
Local sources							
Property taxes	\$ 2,990,629	\$ 2,990,629	\$ 2,863,320	\$ (127,309)			
Transportation fees	30,000	30,000	101,886	71,886			
Earnings on investments	60,000	60,000	101,704	41,704			
Total local sources	3,080,629	3,080,629	3,066,910	(13,719)			
State sources							
Restricted							
Transportation aid - regular	25,000	25,000	50,477	25,477			
Special education	300,000	300,000	495,065	195,065			
Total state sources	325,000	325,000	545,542	220,542			
Total revenues	3,405,629	3,405,629	3,612,452	206,823			
Expenditures							
Current operating							
Support services							
Pupil transporation							
Salaries	10,430	10,430	10,430	-			
Employee benefits	696	638	644	(6)			
Purchased services	1,445,000	1,504,165	1,441,976	62,189			
Supplies and materials		2,000	3,593	1,593			
Total support services	1,456,126	1,517,233	1,456,643	(60,590)			
Provision for contingencies	20,000	20,000		20,000			
Total expenditures	1,476,126	1,537,233	1,456,643	80,590			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$    1,868,396</u>	2,155,809	<u>\$ 287,413</u>			
Fund balance at beginning of year			2,030,545				
Fund balance at end of year			<u>\$ 4,186,354</u>				

Year Ended June 30, 2022         Original Budget         Final Budget         Actual         Final Budget           Revenues         Local sources         Property taxes - Social Security/Medicare         \$ 622,236 \$ 622,236 \$ 402,741 \$ (219,43 201,415 2		Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund						
Year Ended June 30, 2022         Original Budget         Final Budget         Actual         Final Budget           Revenues         Local sources         Property taxes - Social Security/Medicare         \$ 622,236 \$ 622,236 \$ 402,741 \$ (219,43 201,415 2								
Revenues         Local sources           Property taxes - Social Security/Medicare         \$ 622,236 \$ 622,236 \$ 402,741 \$ (219,49           Property taxes - municipal retirement         -         -         201,415 201,41           Corporate personal property replacement taxes         16,000         16,000         16,000           Earnings on investments         23,000         23,000         13,247         (9,75)           Total revenues         661,236         661,236         633,403         (27,83)           Expenditures         22,066         35,145         35,286         (14)           Current operating         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Prekindergarten programs         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Regular programs         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Remedial/supplemental programs         58,331         84,210         91,990         (7,78)           Remotial/supplemental programs         1,762         33,777         42,871         (9,00)           Imployee benefits         -         3,132         3,220         (8)           Bilingual programs         21,408         22,602         23,964         (1,36)					Variance with			
Local sources         Property taxes - Social Security//Medicare         \$ 622,236         \$ 622,236         \$ 402,741         \$ (219,45)           Property taxes - municipal retirement         -         -         201,415 <th>Year Ended June 30, 2022</th> <th>Original Budget</th> <th>Final Budget</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Final Budget</th>	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget			
Property taxes - Social Security/Medicare         \$         622,236         \$         402,741         \$         (219,42)           Property taxes - municipal retirement         -         -         201,415         201,405         201,415         201,415	Revenues							
Property taxes - municipal retirement         201,415         201,415         201,415           Corporate personal property replacement taxes         16,000         16,000         16,000           Earnings on investments         23,000         23,000         13,247         (9,73)           Total revenues         661,236         661,236         633,403         (27,83)           Expenditures         661,236         633,403         (27,83)           Current operating         Instruction         8         8         160,649         (10,77)           Prekindergarten programs         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Regular programs         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Prekindergarten programs         58,331         84,210         91,990         (7,76)           Remedial/supplemental programs K-12         5,368         989         989         10           Interscholastic programs         1,762         33,777         42,871         (9,05)           Employee benefits         -         3,132         3,220         (8)           Billingual programs         21,408         22,602         23,964         (1,36)           Total instruction         225,827	Local sources							
Corporate personal property replacement taxes         16,000         16,000         16,000           Earnings on investments         23,000         23,000         13,247         (9,75)           Total revenues         661,236         661,236         633,403         (27,83)           Expenditures         Current operating         Instruction         (10,77)           Regular programs         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Prekindergarten programs         22,066         35,145         35,286         (14)           Special education programs         58,331         84,210         91,990         (7,78)           Remedial/supplemental programs K-12         5,368         989         989         (11,36)           Interscholastic programs         1,762         33,777         42,871         (9,00)           Employee benefits         -         3,132         3,220         (8)           Bilingual programs         21,408         22,602         23,964         (1,36)           Total instruction         225,827         329,733         358,969         (29,23)           Support services         20,800         24,207         24,950         (74)           Psychological services         3,856 </td <td></td> <td>\$ 622,236</td> <td>\$ 622,236</td> <td></td> <td>\$ (219,495)</td>		\$ 622,236	\$ 622,236		\$ (219,495)			
Earnings on investments       23,000       23,000       13,247       (9,75         Total revenues       661,236       661,236       633,403       (27,85         Expenditures       Current operating       Instruction       116,892       149,878       160,649       (10,77         Prekindergarten programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14         Special education programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14         Special education programs       58,331       84,210       91,990       (7,78         Remedial/supplemental programs K-12       5,368       989       989         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,00         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23         Support services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36		-	-	201,415	201,415			
Total revenues       661,236       633,403       (27,83)         Expenditures       Current operating       Instruction       Regular programs       116,892       149,878       160,649       (10,77)         Prekindergarten programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14)         Special education programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14)         Special education programs       28,331       84,210       91,990       (7,76)         Remedial/supplemental programs K-12       5,368       989       989         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,00)         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8)         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36)         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,22)         Support services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Pupils       Attendance and social work services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       2	Corporate personal property replacement taxes	16,000	16,000	16,000	-			
Expenditures Current operating Instruction         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Regular programs         116,892         149,878         160,649         (10,77)           Prekindergarten programs         22,066         35,145         35,286         (14)           Special education programs         58,331         84,210         91,990         (7,76)           Remedial/supplemental programs K-12         5,368         989         989         (1,76)           Interscholastic programs         1,762         33,777         42,871         (9,09)           Employee benefits         -         3,132         3,220         (8)           Bilingual programs         21,408         22,602         23,964         (1,36)           Total instruction         225,827         329,733         358,969         (29,23)           Support services         20,800         24,207         24,950         (74)           Pupils         -         3,856         4,003         4,703         (70)           Attendance and social work services         3,856         4,003         4,703         (70)           Psychological services         5,498         5,450         5,812         (36)           Ot	Earnings on investments	23,000	23,000	13,247	(9,753)			
Current operating Instruction       Regular programs       116,892       149,878       160,649       (10,77)         Prekindergarten programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14)         Special education programs       58,331       84,210       91,990       (7,78)         Remedial/supplemental programs       53,68       989       989       1         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,05)         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8)         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36)         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,22)         Support services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Health services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (77)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45) <t< td=""><td>Total revenues</td><td>661,236</td><td>661,236</td><td>633,403</td><td>(27,833)</td></t<>	Total revenues	661,236	661,236	633,403	(27,833)			
Instruction       Regular programs       116,892       149,878       160,649       (10,77)         Prekindergarten programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14)         Special education programs       58,331       84,210       91,990       (7,78)         Remedial/supplemental programs K-12       5,368       989       989         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,09)         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8)         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36)         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,22)         Support services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Expenditures							
Regular programs       116,892       149,878       160,649       (10,77)         Prekindergarten programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14)         Special education programs       58,331       84,210       91,990       (7,78)         Remedial/supplemental programs K-12       5,368       989       989       989         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,09)         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8)         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36)         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23)         Support services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (76)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Current operating							
Prekindergarten programs       22,066       35,145       35,286       (14         Special education programs       58,331       84,210       91,990       (7,78         Remedial/supplemental programs K-12       5,368       989       989       989         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,09         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23)         Support services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (74)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Instruction							
Special education programs       58,331       84,210       91,990       (7,78)         Remedial/supplemental programs K-12       5,368       989       989         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,09)         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8)         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36)         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,22)         Support services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Regular programs				(10,771)			
Remedial/supplemental programs K-12       5,368       989       989         Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,05         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23         Support services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07         Health services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36					(141)			
Interscholastic programs       1,762       33,777       42,871       (9,05         Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23         Support services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07         Health services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07         Health services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36			84,210		(7,780)			
Employee benefits       -       3,132       3,220       (8         Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36)         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23)         Support services       9       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (49)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Remedial/supplemental programs K-12	5 <i>,</i> 368	989	989	-			
Bilingual programs       21,408       22,602       23,964       (1,36)         Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23)         Support services       Pupils       4ttendance and social work services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)		1,762	33,777		(9,094)			
Total instruction       225,827       329,733       358,969       (29,23)         Support services       Pupils       4ttendance and social work services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Employee benefits	-	3,132	3,220	(88)			
Support services         Pupils         Attendance and social work services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (49)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Bilingual programs	21,408	22,602	23,964	(1,362)			
Pupils       Attendance and social work services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (45)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Total instruction	225,827	329,733	358,969	(29,236)			
Attendance and social work services       8,338       10,157       11,227       (1,07)         Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74)         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70)         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36)         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (49)         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Support services							
Health services       20,800       24,207       24,950       (74         Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (49         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Pupils							
Psychological services       3,856       4,003       4,703       (70         Speech pathology and audiology services       5,498       5,450       5,812       (36         Other       25,187       25,225       25,717       (49         Total pupils       63,679       69,042       72,409       (3,36)	Attendance and social work services	8,338	10,157	11,227	(1,070)			
Speech pathology and audiology services         5,498         5,450         5,812         (36           Other         25,187         25,225         25,717         (49           Total pupils         63,679         69,042         72,409         (3,36)	Health services	20,800	24,207	24,950	(743)			
Other         25,187         25,225         25,717         (49           Total pupils         63,679         69,042         72,409         (3,36)	Psychological services	3,856	4,003	4,703	(700)			
Total pupils     63,679     69,042     72,409     (3,36)	Speech pathology and audiology services	5,498	5,450	5,812	(362)			
	Other	25,187	25,225	25,717	<u>(492</u> )			
Instructional staff	Total pupils	63,679	69,042	72,409	(3,367)			
	Instructional staff							
Improvement of instruction services - 1,932 5,347 (3,41	Improvement of instruction services	-	1,932	5,347	(3,415)			
	-	18,133	-		(680)			
Total instructional staff 18,133 21,486 25,581 (4,09	Total instructional staff	18,133	21,486	25,581	(4,095)			
General administration	General administration							
Board of education services 1,584 (1,58	Board of education services	-	-	1,584	(1,584)			
		14,523	14,970		(107)			
Total general administration14,52314,97016,661(1,69	Total general administration	14,523	14,970	16,661	(1,691)			

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance Budget to Actual (Continued)

	Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund						
	2022						
Very Ended Inne 20, 2022				Variance with			
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Final Budget			
School administration							
Office of the principal services	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$ 54,489	\$ 54,877	<u>\$ (388</u> )			
Business	2 000	4 700	2 0 2 0	(200)			
Direction of business support services Fiscal services	3,000 39,362	1,722 44,696	2,030 48,551	(308) (3,855)			
Operation and maintenance of plant services	119,818	128,503	132,452	(3,949)			
Pupil transportation services	151	128,505	152,452	(3,545)			
Total business	162,331	175,073	183,184	(8,111)			
Control							
Central Direction of central support services	3,074	3,030	3,006	24			
Planning, R&D, and evaluation services	29,118	27,858	28,842	(984)			
Information services	18,688	18,490	18,331	159			
Data processing services	64,481	72,966	76,800	(3,834)			
Total central	115,361	122,344	126,979	(4,635)			
Other							
Other support services	150	4,818	5,996	(1,178)			
Total support services	425,243	462,222	485,687	(23,465)			
Community services	69,945	78,078	85,318	(7,240)			
	00,040	,0,070	00,010	(1,240)			
Provisions for contingencies	40,000	20,000		20,000			
Total expenditures	761,015	890,033	929,974	(39,941)			
				()			
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ (99,779</u> )	<u>\$ (228,797</u> )	(296,571)	<u>\$ (67,774</u> )			
Fund balance at beginning of year			819,138				
Fund balance at end of year			<u>\$                                    </u>				

	Fire Prevention and Safety Fund
	2022
	Original Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2022	Budget Final Budget Actual Final Budget
Revenues	
Local sources	
Earnings on investments	<u>\$ 10,000</u> <u>\$ 10,000</u> <u>\$ 18,285</u> <u>\$ 8,285</u>
Total revenues	<u>    10,000     10,000    18,285      8,285</u>
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$ 10,000</u> <u>\$ 10,000</u> 18,285 <u>\$ 8,285</u>
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,013,119
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 1,031,404</u>